

Caribbean Large Marine Ecosystem Project :

*Sustainable Management of the Shared Living
Marine Resources of the Caribbean Large Marine
Ecosystem (CLME) and Adjacent Regions
(2009-2013: foundational capacity building phase)*



United Nations
Educational, Scientific and
Cultural Organization



Intergovernmental
Oceanographic
Commission



Placing MPAs within a context of region-wide shared living marine resources management

CLME: 4th Replenishment of the GEF - Focal Area : International Waters

CBD COP-11 side event * GEF's support to Marine Protected Areas * Conserving ocean's ecosystems, species and livelihoods * GEF contribution to Aichi Targets

SAFEGUARDING LIVING MARINE RESOURCES – A TRANSBOUNDARY ISSUE



UNOPS





Caribbean LME Project

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Manejo Sustentable de los Recursos Vivos Compartidos del Gran Ecosistema Marino del Caribe y Regiones Adyacentes

última actualización 2012/05/17

CLME audiovisuales y noticias



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Agencia fundadora



El Fondo para el Medio Ambiente Mundial proporciona los fondos para el Proyecto CLME junto con la cofinanciación de otros países y socios internacionales.



Agencias Implementadoras

El Programa de las Naciones Unidas para el Desarrollo y la Comisión Oceanográfica Intergubernamental de la UNESCO son corresponsables de la implementación del Proyecto a través de sus Oficinas Regionales.



Agencia que Ejecuta

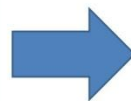
La Oficina de las Naciones Unidas de Servicios para Proyectos es responsable de la ejecución del Proyecto a través de la Unidad de Coordinación del Proyecto CLME, Cartagena, Colombia, con el apoyo de UNOPS-HQ en Copenhague.

PROJECT APPROACH

dealing with CLME complexity:
from sub-regional to fishery ecosystem-based approach for TDA development

common
KEY TRANSBOUNDARY ISSUES
identified in preliminary TDA's

1. *Unsustainable exploitation of living marine resources*
2. *Habitat degradation and community modification*
3. *Pollution*



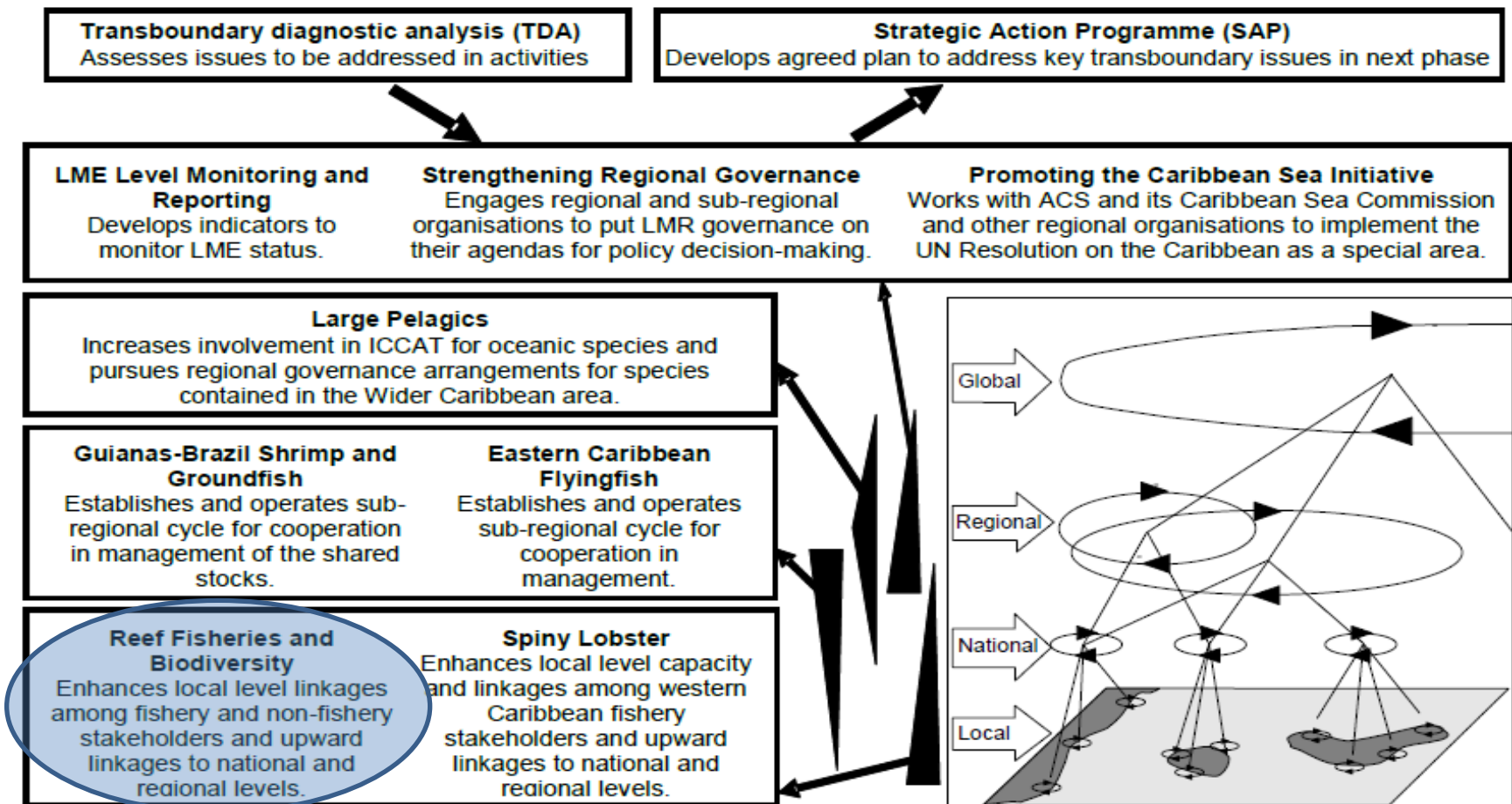
KEY FISHERIES ECOSYSTEMS
identified as the basis for the updated
sub-TDA approach:

1. **Reef** fisheries
2. **Pelagic** fisheries
3. **Continental Shelf** fisheries



Ecosystem-based Approach (EBA)

The CLME Project Approach: Building a multi-level policy-cycle based governance framework



CLME REEF FISHERIES & BIODIVERSITY PILOT PROJECT

- Identification of, and exchange on best practices
- Governance analyses:
 - ☐ strengths
 - ☐ weaknesses (gaps)
 - ☐ opportunities
 - ☐ threats

➤ WHAT ACTIONS AT THE SUBREGIONAL/REGIONAL LEVEL ARE REQUIRED FOR THE ACTIONS AT THE LOCAL (MPA) LEVEL TO BECOME MORE EFFECTIVE/SUCCESSFUL?

CLME PROJECT: LEARNING FROM PILOT ACTIVITIES AT 3 PILOT SITES :

- ✓ SEAFLOWER BIOSPHERE RESERVE (COLOMBIA)
- ✓ PEDRO BANKS (JAMAICA)
- ✓ MONTECRISTI (DOMINICAN REPUBLIC)

MPA' s are just one part of the solution

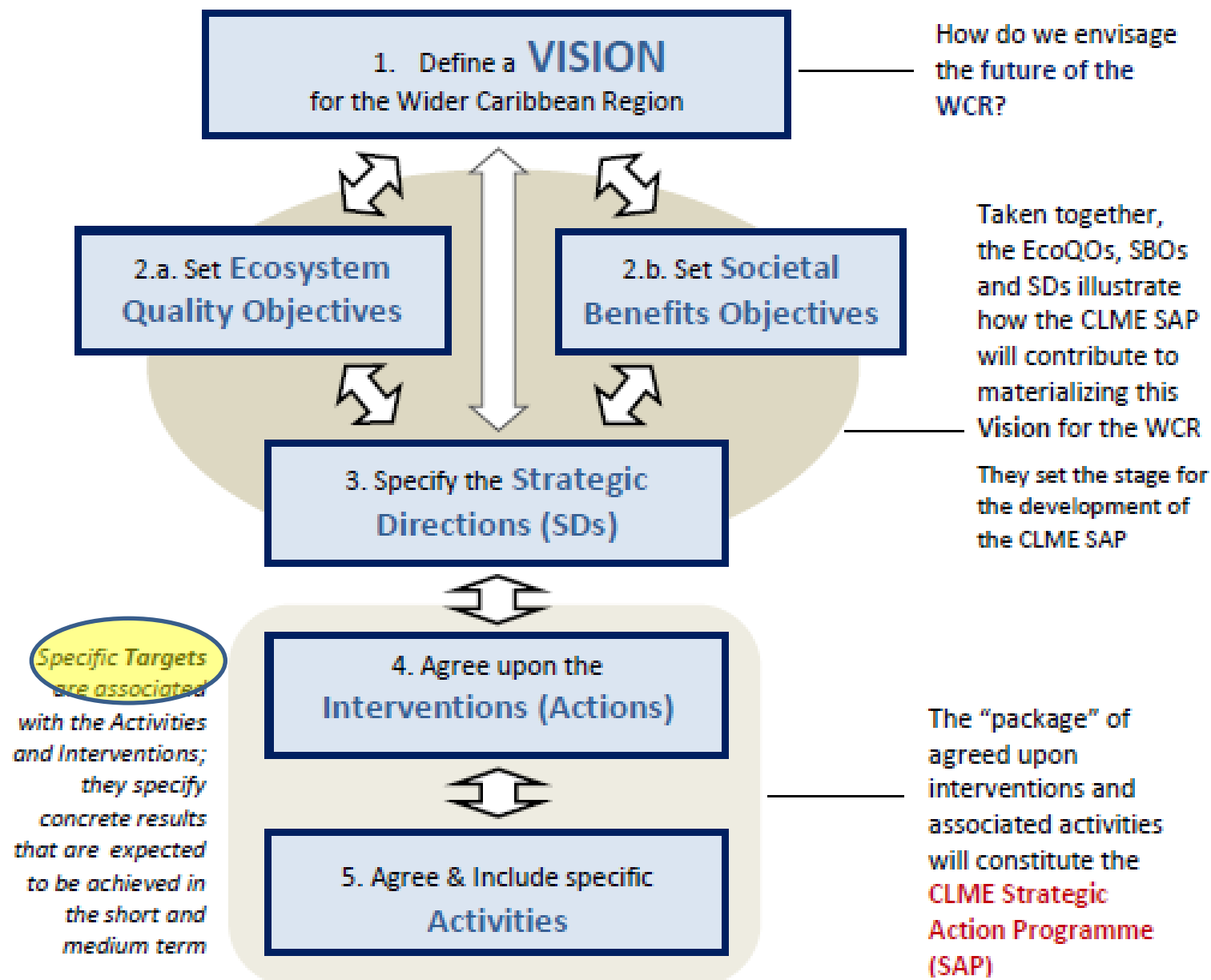
- ✓ They need to be embedded in a more holistic approach for improved resources governance and management

Creating such overarching improved governance framework
and addressing identified root causes
= creating the enabling conditions that will allow efforts to:

- ☐ establish new MPAs
- ☐ improve management of existing MPAs
- ☐ create more meaningful regional MPA networks

to become more efficient and effective

SAP DEVELOPMENT: way forward and linkages between key concepts



STRATEGIC ACTION PROGRAMME FOR THE CLME

“CLME” VISION for the Wider Caribbean Region

A healthy Marine Environment in the WCR providing benefits and livelihoods for the well-being of Caribbean people through good governance and management of its resources

Healthy marine ecosystems in the WCR are adequately valued and protected through robust, integrative and inclusive governance arrangements at local, national, sub-regional and regional levels that effectively enable adaptive management, which maximizes, in a sustainable manner, the provision of goods and services in support of enhanced livelihoods and human well-being

**Strengthening MPA networks and MPA
management effectiveness**

2.1 Support CAMPAM Networking and Capacity Building efforts including expanding its Training-of-Trainers programme to address emerging needs

2.2 Develop ecologically connected and resilient MPA networks at the national and sub-regional level which respond to Government's commitments made within the MDGs and subsequent global commitments

2.3 Support stakeholder involvement in the management of MPAs as appropriate in particular fisher communities and tourism sector

2.4 Identify and support effective management of spawning areas for lobster and other species of economic significance

2.5 Upscale best practices for MPA management and enforcement

2.6 Identify and support sustainable financing mechanisms for MPAs

WHAT ARE THE KEY INGREDIENTS THAT MADE THIS PROJECT A SUCCESS?

- Under the GEF's International Waters Focal Area, using the systematic TDA-SAP approach (incl. the CCA analyses) has repeatedly proven to be very useful for identifying and agreeing upon region-wide governance reforms or enhancements and management actions that will allow local actions to become more effective
- The CLME project combined the TDA-SAP approach with a series of case studies and pilot projects that facilitated “learning by doing”, and provide guidance for the upscaling of early results
- Embedding MPA-related actions within a broader, regional package of actions for improved resources governance is expected to considerably increase impacts and chances for success